

Appl. No. 09/749,332
Reply to Final Office Action of July 6, 2005

Docket No. MIT-070PUS

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

1. 1. (currently amended) A method of forming a network from a plurality of nodes and a base station which is separate from the plurality of nodes, the method comprising the steps of:
 3. (a) identifying at least one node of the plurality of nodes to operate as a cluster-head;
 4. (b) forming a plurality of clusters from the plurality of nodes, each of the clusters having at least one cluster-head;
 6. (c) transmitting data from at least one node in at least one of the plurality of clusters to the cluster-head in that cluster;
 8. (d) transmitting data from at least one cluster-head to the base station; and
 9. (e) identifying a different one of the plurality of nodes to operate as a cluster-head.
1. 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming a plurality of clusters further comprises the steps of:
 3. advertising an availability of each of said plurality of cluster-heads; and
 4. establishing a communication path between each of said plurality of cluster-heads and at least one of the plurality of nodes, not operating as a cluster-head, to form a cluster.
1. 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2 wherein the step of establishing a communication path between the cluster-head and each of the at least one of the plurality of nodes comprises the steps of:
 4. transmitting a status signal from each one of said plurality of cluster-heads;
 5. receiving at each of the plurality of nodes one or more of the status signals;
 6. comparing, at each of the plurality of nodes, not operating as a cluster-head, signal strengths of the received one or more status signals; and
 8. joining a particular one of the cluster-head's cluster as a result of the comparison.

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- 1 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the step of joining a particular cluster
2 is based on a determination, by at least one of the plurality of nodes, of the cluster-head
3 transmitting the status signal having a highest received signal strength.

- 1 5. (Original) The method of claim 2 further comprising the steps of:
2 generating at the cluster-head, a schedule having allotted slots for transmission;
3 transmitting data from at least one node to the cluster-head during the allotted slots;
4 receiving data in the cluster-head that are transmitted from at least one node; and
5 transmitting data from the cluster-head to the base station.

- 1 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the step of receiving data in the cluster-head
2 further comprises the step of reducing data transmission latency by using application-specific
3 data aggregation to reduce the amount of redundant data sent to the base station.

- 1 7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the step of receiving data in the cluster-head
2 further comprises the step of increasing the signal to noise ratio of the data sent to the base
3 station by using application-specific data aggregation.

- 1 8. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the step of generating a schedule uses a time
2 division multiplexing protocol.

- 1 9. (Original) The method of claim 5, further comprising the step of beamforming the data
2 received from the plurality of nodes in the cluster.

- 1 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of identifying at least one of the
2 plurality of nodes to operate as a cluster-head further includes the step of randomly selecting one
3 of the plurality of nodes to be a cluster-head.

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- 1 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the step of randomly selecting one of the
- 2 plurality of nodes to be a cluster-head is based on a probabilistic function of an amount of energy
- 3 remaining in each of the plurality of nodes.

- 1 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming a plurality of
- 2 clusters further comprises the steps of:
 - 3 collecting data on a status of each of the plurality of nodes;
 - 4 assigning each of the plurality of nodes to a particular one of a plurality of clusters.

- 1 13. (currently amended) A method for forming a network from a base station and a plurality of
- 2 nodes wherein the base station is separate from the plurality of nodes, the method comprising the
- 3 steps of:
 - 4 electing a cluster-head from the plurality of nodes;
 - 5 establishing a communication path between first ones of the plurality of nodes and the
 - 6 cluster-head to form a cluster;
 - 7 establishing a first round of data transmission;
 - 8 transmitting from the first ones of the plurality of nodes to the cluster-head during the
 - 9 first data transmission round; and
 - 10 transmitting data from the cluster-head to the base station during the first data
 - 11 transmission round.

- 1 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the steps of:
 - 2 electing a plurality of cluster-heads corresponding to a first set of cluster-heads for use
 - 3 during the first round of data transmission; and
 - 4 establishing a communication path between each of the plurality of cluster-heads and at
 - 5 least one node of the plurality of nodes to form a first plurality of clusters.

- 1 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the step of electing a plurality of cluster-heads
- 2 is performed by the base station.

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- 1 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 15 wherein the base station elects cluster-heads
- 2 by minimizing an energy required during the first round of data transmission.

- 1 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14 wherein:
 - 2 during the first round of data transmission, each of the at least one node in each cluster
 - 3 transmits data to the cluster-head of that cluster; and
 - 4 each cluster-head transmits data to the base station during the first transmission round.

- 1 18. (Original) The method of claim 14 further comprising the steps of:
 - 2 establishing a second round of data transmission;
 - 3 determining whether each node of the plurality of nodes has operated as a cluster-head;
 - 4 electing a second set of cluster-heads wherein each node in the second set of cluster-heads has never before been a cluster-head; and
 - 5 forming a second set of clusters about the second set of cluster-heads.

- 1 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14 further comprising the steps of:
 - 2 in each of a second set of clusters;
 - 3 transmitting data from each node in the second set of clusters to the respective cluster heads; and
 - 5 transmitting data from each of the second set of cluster-heads to the base station.

- 1 20. (Original) The method of claim 14 further comprising the steps of:
 - 2 establishing a second round of data transmission;
 - 3 determining an amount of energy remaining in each node of the plurality of nodes;
 - 4 electing a second set of cluster-heads, wherein the election is based on the amount of energy remaining in each node of the plurality of nodes; and
 - 6 forming a second set of clusters about the second set of cluster-heads.

- 1 21. (Original) A network comprising:
 - 2 a base station; and

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1 a plurality of nodes comprising:
2 a cluster-head selector processor; and
3 a cluster selector processor, each cluster comprised of a subset of said plurality of
4 nodes, and one of each of said subset of said plurality of nodes temporarily acting as a cluster-
5 head wherein each of said plurality of nodes has a limited amount of remaining energy and the
6 cluster-head selector processor selects each of said plurality of nodes as a cluster-head based
7 upon the limited amount of remaining energy in each of said plurality of nodes and a number of
8 times each of said plurality of nodes has operated as a cluster head.

1 22. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein each of the plurality of nodes is in
2 electrical communication with a sensor.

1 23. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein each of said plurality of nodes
2 further comprises a sleep mode.

1 24. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein each of said plurality of nodes
2 further comprises an adjustable transmission energy level.

1 25. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein each of said plurality of nodes
2 further comprises a low energy mode, and a high energy mode.

1 26. (cancelled) ~~The network according to claim 21, wherein each of said plurality of nodes has~~
2 ~~a limited amount of remaining energy; and~~
3 ~~wherein the cluster-head selector processor selects each of said plurality of nodes as a~~
4 ~~cluster-head based on the limited amount of remaining energy in each of said plurality of nodes~~
5 ~~and a number of times each of said plurality of nodes has operated as a cluster head.~~

1 27. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein each of said plurality of nodes
2 further comprises a signal strength processor.

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- 1 28. (Original) The network according to claim 27, wherein the cluster selector processor
- 2 determines the cluster selection in response to a signal from the signal strength processor.

- 1 29. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein the base station selects each of said
- 2 plurality of nodes to temporarily act as a cluster-head.

- 1 30. (Original) The network according to claim 21, wherein the base station determines which of
- 2 each of said plurality of nodes is included in each temporary cluster.